COMPLETELY UPSET BY THE NEWS OF QUEEN LIL'S INTENDED VISIT.

to She Coming to Thank Rev "Great and Good Friend" for his Exorts in Her Rebuilt. The President Prepares to Fice from Washington on a Hunting Trip. WASHINGTON, Dec. 11 .- President Cleveland is the unhapplest man in Washington to-night.

He is menaced by an unexpected enemy, who threatens to make unhappy the closing days of an Administration that has not been altogether free from disturbing elements. For a week the President has been resting calmly in the enjoyment of the proud consciousness of four years of unremitting devotion to the interests of the American people. Happy in the knowledge of "official duty well performed," he was preparing to enjoy the luxury of repose and disappear gracefully from the scene amid the plaudits of his countrymen, when this sudden low has come upon him.

It is the irony of fate that the faithful Thurber should have been the medium through which the approaching calamity was made known. The blow fell at 9 o'clock this morning. Thurber was reading the morning paper, when his eye came upon the startling announce-ment: "Ex-Queen Liliuokalani on her way to Washington." The full force of the words did not strike the private secretary at once. It seized upon him gradually. He was smiling to think how Mrs. Dominis would upbraid the Republican leaders for their ungaliant treatment of her, when slowly but surely, like the creeping of dumb aque, the full significance of the dusky Queen's coming enveloped him. Queen Lil in Washington! Why, that meant that she was coming to see her great and good friend, Grover Cleveland, the chivalric gentleman who had lifted her from the ground, where been thrown, metapherically, by President Harrison in the closing days of his Administration, and haif replaced her on the throne with the royal crown upon her brow, Now she was coming to thank her benefactor

Now she was coming to thank her benefactor and solicit a repetition of his noble deeds. The shock almost struck Thurber dumb, but, summoning all his courage, he sought the President and made known the portentous news.

Scoretary Olney was in consultation with the President at the time. He smiled grimly at his chief's painful discomfiture, and when accused of having been an accessory before the fact of the Queen's attempted restoration by a mutual friend, he promuly proved an alibi. He was not Secretary of State, he pleased, when that act of chivalry was performed. He was Attorney-General then, and the man who had carried out the Hawaiian policy of the President, so far as it was carried out at all, is now dead and in

ney-General then, and the man who had carried out the Hawaiian policy of the President, so far as it was carried out at all, is now dead and in his grave.

The President admitted the truth of the Secretary's disclaimer, and then turned his back for a moment while he said something under his breath to the watchful Thurber which sounded like "paramount." Promptly the Private Secretary determined to telegraph to Georgia for James H. Hount to come to Washington when Lilluokahi does to entertain ber and stand between her and her good friend, the President. While Thurber was coming to this decision the President was deeply thinking. After a moment he turned and said to Mr. Olney:

"Mr. Secretary, it is true that you were not directly concerned in our little 'drama of three years ago,' but as Attorney-General you advised.

firectly concerned in our little 'drama of three years ago,' but as Attorney-General you advised its legality and you must not flinch now. You must help me bear this burden or assist me to

years ago, but as Attorney-theneral you advised its legality and you must not flinch now. You must help me bear this burden or assist me to fice from it."

The Secretary of State is a man of building nerve, and he promptly advised against such a cowardly course as flight. What harm could the lady do, he asked. She was undoubtedly coming only to pay her respects to her dear good friend in the White House and thank him in person for champlening her cause and taking her to his efficial bosom. These assurances momentarily caimed the President, but later he fell into the nervous state that followed Thurber's announcement. The name it liuokalant seemed to make him faint and dizzy. He remembered all the kind and fervent words of friendship and devotion that he had breathed to her through "Paramount" Blount, "Non-Paramount" Willis, and by pen and telegraph. It all came back to him, and he pictured the Queen in all the humiliation of her failen grandeur standing before him with tears of thankfulness in her big soft eyes, and pleadings for further proof of devotion on her lips. The vision was too much for him. His resolution was taken in a moment.

"Thurber," he said, "I must leave Washington when she comes, and you and Olney must provide an excuse."

MA few moments' reflection and consultation and the plans for instant flightion the first sign of Liliuokalani's approach was made. Telegrams were sent flying to "Fighting Bob" Evans, Commander of the battle ship Indiana, and Dr. O'Reilly, the President's physician, in New York. The telephone was used to consult the naval officer in charge of the Lighthouse Bureau and in an hour the timerary was complete. The President, accommanded by Capt. Evans, Commander of the battle ship Indiana, and Dr. O'Reilly, the President's physician, in New York. The telephone was used to consult the naval officer in charge of the Lighthouse Bureau and in an hour the timerary was complete. The President and party about two years and taken down Winyan Bay to a club house, where the party will be

THE NEW TARIFF BILL, Some Bints as to the Character of the

Measure It Is Proposed to Frame. WASHINGTON, Dec. 11 .- A "moderate measure" is the characterization which leading Republicans of the House give to the new Tariff bill which it is proposed to frame this winter in anticipation of an extra session of Congress. It is argued that what is desired is a bill which provide a sufficient revenue to cover the deficit now existing and furnish proper protection to home industries. It is pointed out that conditions have considerably changed since what is known as the McKinley bill became a son is contesting the result of the special eleclaw, and that rates of duty that were justified then are unbecessary at present. It is said, for example, that the tin plate industry, which was enormously stimulated by the duty of two cenis a pound imposed in the McKinley law, is how so well established that a return to the former rate is unnecessary.

is unnecessary.

The sugar schedule promises to cause more embarrassment than any other in the bill. Some of the Republican members of the Ways and Means Committee say that the three States which produce sugar-Louisiana, Texas, and Nebraska—gave their vote last month to Mr. Bryan, and this, in connection with the position which the members of Congress from Louisiana and Texas have always taken with respect to the tariff, will be a strong influence against protecting this industry any further than the necessities of the case require. The agricultural schedule will probably be fixed at the former rate of duty, while the woollen schedule, it is said, will receive sufficient protection to satisfy the manufacturers. The cotton and steel and iron schedules are not likely to be changed. The present ad valorem system will be changed to a system of specific duties.

The bill, it is said, will contain a provision that goods in bond will, when taken out, nay the rate duty in force and not the lower rate at which they were originally brought to this country. An arrangement will be made whereby dates will be assigned to certain interests to be heard, so that there may be some systematic method of giving the hearings without embarrassment. The date upon which the hearings will begin will be made public when the full committee meets. rra-sment than any other in the bill.
of the Republican members of the Ways

CLAIMS AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT. Quintard Iron Works Demand 899,661 and the Cramps \$1,867,241.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11 .- Secretary Herbert to day sent to the House the claim of the Onintard Iron Works of New York for \$00,681 damages, caused by the delay of the Government in constructing the hull of the cruiser Maine. Secretary Herbert, while not attempting to pass on the merits of the claim, admits that there was delay, and expresses the opinion that justice re-quires the reference of the matter to the Court

delay, and expresses the opinion that justice requires the reference of the matter to the Court of Chaims.

The Secretary also submitted similar claims of William Cramp & Sons of Philadelphia on account of the New York, Columbia, Massachusetts, and Indiana. In each instance it is alleged that the delays were due to the failure of the Government to supply armor or other materials in accordance with the contracts, and in the case of the New York by reason of changes in the plans and specifications. The claims are as follows: On account of the New York, \$211,018; the Columbia, \$192,235; the Massachusetts, \$483,757, and the Indiana, \$480,231—a total of \$1,367,241. As in the case of the Maine, the Secretary admits delays and favors referring the matters to the Court of Claims.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.-The fifteenth annual report of the Naval Intelligence Office, entitled 'The Year's Naval Progress," which was issued to the navy to-day, is the most notable of the series. Foreign navai manœuvres for 1895, with plans and illustrations, are treated by experts, and there are illustrated chapters on ships and torpede beats, ordnance and armor, small arms, voice tubes, cellulose, and bollers by leading naval writers.

AFTERMATH OF A DOG FIGHT.

Owner of One Dog, New Bend, and a Cog Benten by the Other Dog's Owner. Two dogs, two policemen, and four civilians were mixed up in a lively fight on White Plains road, Williamsbridge, on Thursday afternoon. The story of the fight was told in Morrisania Court yesterday, and the instigator of it was held in \$1,500 ball for thrashing a policeman,

and in \$300 ball for beating a civilian. The man thus doubly committed was Luke Butler, a blacksmith, who owns a bull terrier that carned a record in the fight. The civilian who was beaten was Henry D. Burd, a clerk, He owned the other dog, but now he only owns corpse. Burd led his dog past Butler's amithy about 4 o'clock. History is silent as to who unchained the blacksmith's dog, but Butler velled "Ste him!" The terrier needed no second baiding. He pounced on Clerk Burd's

second baiding. He pounced on Clerk Burd's
dog, and in less than five minutes thrashed him
so thoroughly that he sought shelter in the
blacksmith's shop.
Butler's dog followed his antagonist and Burd
followed the pair to save the remnants of his
dog. He found the blacksmith and two friends,
Mr. Bloomfield, a painter, and Edward Johnson, a butcher, trying to drive his dog out with
wheel spokes and cart rungs.
"Let me dog alone!" Burd shouted.
"All right," said Butler, and he and his allies
turned their attention from dog to man.

turned their attention from dog to man.

Burd went down under the weight of their

Burd went down under the weight of their weapons.

Just then Policeman Whitworth rushed in with a shout, "Let the man alone!"

The blacksmith and his friends promptly abandoned Burd and fell upon the policeman.

Butler knocked him down, some one else tore his uniform, some one else's boots blacked his eyes. He was almost knocked out when Policeman Rooney ran in. He did not walt to give orders, but dropped nis billy on the blacksmith's head. The blacksmith went down under the blow. Another sweep of the billy discouraged the blacksmith's friends and the fight was over. The policeman gathered up the three prisoners. Burd carried his dog home and then had his own injuries patched up by a surgeon. Meantime his dog died.

Burd was able to appear in court yesterday in time to enter his complaint after Butler had been hold to answer for his assault on the policeman. Bloomfield, the painter, was fined St. Johnson said he tried to separate the blacksmith and the policeman, and did nothing worse. He was discharged.

ASSAULTED; ROBBED; DEAD. Was Save's Death Due to the Injuries He

Sabati di Savo of 115 Elizabeth street died in the Hudson Street Hospital at 8 o'clock last evening while the surgeous were preparing to perform the operation of tracheotomy upon him. Savo, who was a laborer, walked into Dr. Tocci's drug store at 100 Bayard street at 5 P. M, and told the proprietor that he wanted a lo-tion for his throat, which, he said, pained him. Dr. Tocci examined Savo's neck, and found that it was bruised and excorated as though he had been choked. Save said that early in the morning, as he was returning to his home after spending the night with friends, a man sprang on him from a doorway in Baxter street. He was thrown down, and the man gripped his throat with one hand while he took \$25 from his pocket with the other. Then he left him

As soon as Savo recovered consciousness he As soon as Savo recovered consciousness he crawied to his rooms on Elizabeth street, and told his wife what had happened. During the morning his throat pained him severely, and when the time came for him to go to work he did not feel able to report for duty. During the afternoon he became weaker, and at last decided to consult Dr. Tocci. Savo's condition was so serious that Dr. Tocci called an ambulance from the Hudson Street Hospital.

Dr. Labbé, who answered the call, examined Savo, and decided to take him to the hospital, although Savo objected to going, and said that he was all right.

An autopsy will be made by the Coroner this morning to determine the cause of death, which the hospital surgeons think was due to an obstruction in the windpipe.

The policemen on duty in Baxter street did not see or hear of an assault such as Savo developed and the action of the control of th

not see or hear of an assault such as Savo de-scribed, and have not been able to learn any-thing about it since it was reported to them. Donato Savino, a laborer living in the rear of 18 Baxter street, was arrested late last evening on suspicton of knowing something about the assault on Savo. assault on Savo.

LIQUOR TRAFFIC IN THE CAPITOL.

The House Chaplain Prays That the Pro-WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.-Chaptain Coulden, in his opening prayer to-day, referred to the bill passed resterday prohibiting the sale of liquor

in the Capitol building. He said:
"Especially do we thank Thee that this House is no longer responsible for the liquor traffic within the walls of this, our Capitol. Grant, we pray Thee, that the bill passed here yesterday may go through the regular channels and asy may go through the regular channels and speedily become a law, never to be repealed in the history of our nation."

The resolution extending until the end of the session the investigation by the joint commit-tee of the use of free alcohol in the arts was

agreed to.

This being private bill day, nine were reported and two passed. Two pension bills also got

through.
At 5 o'clock the House took a recess until 8 o'clock, the evening session being devoted to the consideration of private pension bills, and at the expiration of that session the House adjourned until Monday.

A Senator and a Representative were talking to day about the action of the House vesterday. said the Representative, "we knew that all the time, which explains the big ma

Tom Watson to Contest Judge Black' Heat in Congress.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.-Tom Watson is coming to Congress, not as a duly elected member, but as a contestant for the seat now occupied by Judge Black of the Augusta district. Wattion which resulted in favor of Black, and the case is about to be taken up for consideration by the House Committee on Elections, of which Judge Daniels of New York is Charman. A year ago Watson ran against Black and al-though the certificate was given to the latter, he refused to accent the verdict of the people in his district and insisted upon having another

his district and insisted upon having another contest.

Watson made the race again, and the result was a second time declared in favor of Black. Watson insists upon contesting Judge Black's right to the seat in the present Congress, and some lively proceedings are anticipated when the case is taken up. Chairman Daniels has carefully examined the record in the case, and to-day he called upon Mr. Watson to indicate when it will be convenient for him to appear.

110 RURIED IN THE RUINS. Great Loss of Life by the Collapse of Two

Cadiz, Dec. 11.—A house containing twenty-five persons collapsed without warning at Xeres, Andalusia, this morning, burying all of its inmates in the ruins. The house fell upon an adjoining tenement house, which also gave way. The tenement house was occupied by eighty-five persons, all of whom were buried in the wreckage. Eleven dead bodies and fortysix persons seriously injured were taken from the ruins before 2 o'clock this afternoon.

PREMIER CANOVAS BETTER.

Weyler Encourages Him with More Re-

MADRID, Dec. 11.-Premier Canovas del Castillo has recovered from the indisposition which confined him to his house yesterday and has summoned a meeting of the Cabinet. Captain-General Weyler telegraphs to the tiovernment that the position of the insurgents in Pinar del Rio province is growing daily worse.

Lackroy's Naval Proposal Withdrawn.

Panis, Dec. 11.—The proposal submitted by M. Lockroy, formerly Minister of Marine, for 200,000,000 france for constructing new war ships, has been withdrawn, owing to the opposition of Admiral Besnard, the present Marine sition of Admiral Besnard, the present Marine Minister, who will submit a plan for the construction of new battle ships when the Navy Council meet on next Thursday. Admiral lesnard's objection to M. Lockroy's scheme grew out of Lockroy's condemnation of the hollers and engines at present in use in the French mavy and his advocacy of the rebuilding and alteration of existing vessels. teration of existing vessels.

One of Earl Russell's Defendants Dies. LONDON, Dec. 11 .- Frederick Kast, one of the defendants in the action of Earl Russell against his mother-in-law, Lady Scott, and three others for criminal libel, died to-day. Kast had beca ill nearly a fortnight of pneumonia and yester-day suffered a relapse.

To Cure a Cold in One Bay Take Laxative Brosso Quinine Tableta. All druggists refund the money it Italis to cure. 25c.—Adu.

CIGARETTE TRUST RIGHT JOSEPH H. CHOATE DEFENDS ITS

BUSINESS METHODS, He Upholds the American Tobacco Com Populisite Howis Against Capitat Will Not Weigh in Jersey Courts, Re Says. The argument in the action brought by Attorney-General Stockton of New Jersey to dissolve the cigarette trust, was continued before Vice-Chancellor Reed in Chancery Chambers, Jersey City. It was known

with local lawyers anxious to bear him.

After Mr. R. V. Lindabury closed his argument, which he had begun Thursday afternoon Mr. Choate stood up to begin his argument He unbuttoned his vest, took a handkerchief out of his pocket and wiped the perspiration from his face.

that Mr. Joseph H. Choate would make an ar

gument for the trust and the court was crowded

"I don't carry a thermometer in my pocket to take my temperature," he said, "but I can realize that it is awfully hot here." The hint was promptly taken and several windows were

This case is so clear, your Honor," said Mr. Choate, "and the principles underlying it so clear that I will not inflict upon you the cruelty of reading the authorities which our side has produced and which the other side would have produced if it could. I am aware that a great deal can be found in the law books derogatory to capital, and the greater the amount of capital the more virulent the abuse in some quarters. It emanates from that populistic spirit which received such a fillip in the Presilential election a few weeks ago.

"I have read in the newspapers that the enire bench of a Western State has been filled with Populists, and we know what they will do. A great many Judges who are not Populists are not unmindful of popular applause. Such sentiments flud no place in New Jersey, which has so great a reputation for its wise, conservative ecisions and its justice.

Mr. Choate recited the facts connected with the organization of the company and declared that it had a perfect right, if it could, to take possession by legitimate methods of the clear-ette market. The National Clearette Company set it elf up as a rival, stole the brands of cigarettes, and only when it was pushed to the well did it start the suit under the cloak of the welfare of the people of New Jersey.

Mr. Cheate said it was absurd to ask the Chancellor to restrain the American Tobacco Company from prosecuting its business. That would mean a forfeiture of its charter, and the Chancellor cannot prevent the company from doing business.

Recess was taken at 1 o'clock. When the court reconvened Mr. Choate resumed his argument. He said there was not a single statute of the State of New Jersey limiting the number of factories which any corporation might see fit to that it had a perfect right, if it could, to take

men. He said there was not a single statute of
the State of New Jersey limiting the number of
factories which any corporation might see fit to
buy. There is no law forbidding the American
Tobacco Company to parchase all the tobacco
factories in the United States if it chose to do so.
Mr. Choate said further.

"The company commenced business in March,
1890. It made an agreement with the Jobbers.
There are 3,000 Jobbers in the United States,
We have been able to reach only 2,000. That
doesn't look much like a moropoly. These 2,000
Jobbers are not compelled to deal exclusively
with us. No jobber is obliged to sell only our
cigarettes, but while he acts as our agent we
impose the terms. We have the right to say:

You are not cooperating with us; if you deal in
the goods of a rival, if you do not foster our
interests, we cut you off."

The hearing will be closed to-day, with the
argument of Benjamin F. Einstein of this city
for the plaintiffs.

Man and Wife Carried Down Ladders from

Firemen Coleman and Muster of Truck 3 resued two persons from the third floor of the building at 105 East Fifteenth street during a fire at 12 o'clock last night.

The fire originated in a three-story frame building in the rear of 105, the ground floor of which was occupied as a stable by Gunther & Stucke, A. G. Inhoff's carpenter shop was on the second floor, and John Fay and his mother lived in the top story.

The Fays escaped early, but when the flames communicated to the top story of the front building, occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Walsh, the Walshes were asleen.

They were awakened by the smoke, which filled their room. Mrs. Walsh ran to a window overlooking Fifteenth street and tried to jump to the ground. Her husband prevented her from doing this, and the crowd which had gathered should to them to wait for the laiders. Truck 3 rounded the corner a moment after Mrs. Walsh had attempted to jump, and two laiders were raised to the windows. Coleman took Mrs. Walsh in his arms and carried her down. She fainted while he was taking her to the

Muster carried her husbar were choked by the smoke, and an ambulance was called from Bellevue. They were revived by the surgeon.

The Waishes' apartments are connected with Mrs. Hampft's boarding house at 107 East Fifteenth street, and the smoke filled the boarding house, driving the boarders to the street in their night clothes.

The boarders in the Hotel Jefferson, on the

The boarders in the Hotel Jefferson, on the opposite side of the street, were somewhat alarmed by the flames until they were assured by the manager and the police that they were in no danger. The fire practically burned out the building in which it started.

SHOPLIFTING EXHIBITION.

Given in Court by a Thief Who Secures

Another Prisoner's Acquittal. Annie Andrews was put on trial in the General Sessions Court yesterday before Judge Cowing on a charge of shoplifting. With William Davenport she had been indicted for stealing two umbrelias and a number of handkerchiefs from B. Altman & Co.'s store, Davenport, who had pleaded guilty, was brought down from Sing Sing as a witness for the defence.

"I have been a shoplifter for fifteen years." he said to the jury "I did this little trick and this girl had nothing to do with it. I met her in Sixth avenue, near the corner of Fourteenth street, and invited her to accompany me to Altman's, as I intended to buy a pair of cuff buttons. But when we got into the store it wasn't in my heart to buy. I couldn't do it. It would have gone against the grain. So I just pinched off a couple of umbreilas and some handkerchiefs."
"How did you do it?" asked one of the jury-

men. "Dead easy," said the witness. "I'll just "Dead easy, said the stand, neatly arshow you."

He stepped down from the stand, neatly arranged the handkerchiefs on the lawyers' table,
and asked the jurymen if they could see
plainly. Then, telling them to watch him
closely, he did his legerdemain not so rapidly
that the inquisitive juror asked him to do it
once again. Stepping back to the witness chair Davenport said that, as to the umbrellas, he had on an avercoat long enough to conceal them. The first umbrella he nung upon the armhole in his vest, and the second one he secreted under his coat. The woman was acquitted.

Sheriff Johnson Exonerated-A New Jatl

The Grand Jury exonerated Sheriff Addison Johnson of Westchester county yesterday from all responsibility for the escape from jail of Edward Jaques, who murdered Charles Adams at Bedford. The Sheriff, who was criticised by members of the Board of Supervisors, had asked the Grand Jury to make an examination. The Board of Supervisors have decided to build a new jall.

Pitz-Hugh Lee's Return to Cuba Fitz-Hugh Lee, Consul-General to Cuba. expected at the Hotel Mariborough, in this city. on Monday. It is supposed that he intends to return to Cuba by the steamship Seguranca which sails next Wednesday.

Only A step from catarrh to consumption and thou-

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The best-in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Hood's Pills easy to buy, easy to take, CAR LOAD OF CARINET BOOMERS. A Southern Delegation Asks for a Cabinet Office for James A. Gary.

CANTON, O., Dec. 11. The largest delegation of Cabinet boomers of the campaign reached here to-day. They came from the South in the interest of James A. Gary of Baltimore. They were not set upon any one office, but they preferred the Interior portiolic. The delegation was composed of Senator-elect George L. Wellington of Maryland, A. T. Willberdy of Louislana, National Committeeman from that State; National Committeeman George E. Bowden, Virginia; National Committeeman William Youngblood, of Alabama; James Hill, National Committeeman from Mississippi; W. P. Brownlow, National Committeeman from Tennessee; Congressman Sidney Mudd, Isaac A. Barber W. S. Booze, and William B. Baker of Mary land, Judge J. C. Long, National Committee man of Florida: Jeremiah Connolly, District of Columbia; Col. Fred Brackett, Baltimore; G. B. Hamlet, Baltimore, and W. J. Fenga, private ecretary to Senater Wellington; Myron M. Parker, Washington, D. C.; J. M. Lyons,

They came in a special car attached to the regular train, and were here about four hours. They had a conference with Major McKinley, in which they dweit on the eminent qualifications of Mr. Gary. On his behalf they said he is the choice of a majority of the Southern mem-

tions of Mr. Gary. On his behalf they said he is the choice of a majority of the Southern members of the National Committee, the Maryland Congress delegation, as well as the people of his State. He preceded Senator Wellington as Maryland's representative on the National Committee, and is active and influential in politics, as well as in business, having large cotten interests. Major McKinley promised to give their claims careful consideration.

Senator Wellington in an interview this evening said that they felt very hopeful of Mr. Senator Wellington in an interview this evening said there was no foundation for it.

"I have no aspirations in that direction, and am not a candidate. I have just been elected to the Senate from my State and hope to serve the six years to the best interests of my constituents. Of course it would be a high compliment to be invited to be an advisor of President McKinley, but as I said I have no aspirations in that direction."

Mrs. Louise B. Robbins of Adrian, Mich., Corresponding Secretary of the National Council of Women's Clubs, called during the day to present the felicitations of that organization. Samuel Neal Kent of Lynn, Mass., brought the congratulations of the McKinley and Hobart Club of that place. Capt. A. M. Lee of the Mississippi State Committee called for a conference on affairs in that State. William Whitman of Hootton made a social call this evening, and Congressman James McLachlin of California stopped over between trains for a consultation. The Canton Business Men's Association sent a committee to ask Major McKinley to be the guest of homor at their annual banquet early in January. The Major declined this, intimating that he might not be in the city at that time, but he agreed to a farewell reception just before he leaves for Washington, to be conducted by the Business Men's Association, but to be open to people of all pursuits, and as informal as possible. William D. Windom of the Treasury Department, son of the late Secretary Windom, in the city on Government busin

UNITED REPUBLICANS.

Hardly Any Opposition Left in the Regular

Four districts were carried at the Republican primaries by men heretofore known as antiorganization men. These were the First, Martin H. Healy, leader; the Eighteenth, William Henkel; the Thirtieth, John C. Graham, and the Thirty-first, Silas C. Croft. But it doesn't follow that these districts will send anti-organ ization delegates to the County Committee. Healy has declared himself in favor of the or ganization. Henkel has said that he is with it to stay, and he was consulting with ex-Senator Platt on the subject not later than yesterday. Although Leader Graham is head of a bureau in the Public Works Department, from which he might be removed by Gen. Collis if he did not invoke the Veteran law, he has asserted his desire to be counted with the regulars from now on. Charities Commissioner Croft has made no protestations of allegiance, but his attitude is well known. It may be, however, that Mr. Croft may not be the leader in the Thirty-first district after this year. He may relinquish the place to his friend David Friedsam.

A caucus of the organization delegates to the Twenty-seventh District Convention has agreed on candidates for delegates to the County Committee, among whom is Evander Berry Wall, once known as "King of the Dudes." ganization. Henkel has said that he is with it

BYNUM TO RESIDE HERE.

Will Practise Law and Have Charge of Gold Democratic Affairs. INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 11 -The Executive Committee of the National Democratic party met

again this morning for a short time. The session of last night lasted until after 3 o'clock this morning. At the morning meeting a sub-committee, consisting of Messrs. Peabody, Buillitt, and Haldeman, was appointed to take the place of the Executive Committee in the discussion of matters pertaining to the movement in case Chairman Bynum asks for counsel. The mem-bers of the Executive Committee are widely scattered and it was therefore deemed advisable to have a more which y committee during the four years to come when no campaigns of a national nature are on hand. At noon the com-

mittee adjourned sine die.

Chairman Hynum says that he will go to New York next week to find suitable quarters for the headquarters of the National Committee. He will then return to Indianapolis, and will remove his family to New York, with the intention of making that city his permanent home. He will follow the practice of the law in con-junction with his work as National Chairman.

WANT DIFFER FOR LEADER. Second District Tammany Men to Petition

A petition has been circulated among the members of the Tammany Hall General Committee of the Second Assembly District for the restoration of Patrick Divver to the leadership. It was said last night by a friend of the ex Police Justice that 210 of the 291 members of the committee had signed the petition, and that the paper with these signatures will be pre-sented to the Executive Committee of Tammany Hall next week. Nicholas T. Brown is the present leader.

Mr. Divver relinquished the leadership after the election of 1893, and his friend. Alderman Brown, succeeded him. Friendships sometimes develop into rivalries and the Divers and the Browns have been at odds for some time. The real Tammany leader in the district is "ling Tom" Foley of James slip, who, it is under-stood, has transferred his support from Brown to Diver.

COXEY'S TEARFUL FAREWELL. Says He Must "Leave the Once Grand but

Now Disgraced People's Party." MASSILLON, O., Dec. 11 .- J. S. Coxey issued an open letter to-day to Senator Marion Butler denouncing the "Diagraced People's party," sold out to an "issue so insignificant as sliver." He adds:

He adds:

"I decline to help chase rainbows of election frauds in Ohio, but hereby announce my resignation as a member of the National Committee, and only feet the Pemocratic party, and now find, in order to be out of it for sure, I must leave the once grand but now disgraced People's party. This is done in deep sorrow, and with the hope to join a party soon to which the hope of the republic must look for succor from financial and industrial lile."

Kansas Demands on McKinley.

TOPEKA, Kan., Dec. 11.-Kansas Republicas leaders will demand a place for Leland, Na tional Committeeman, in McKinler's Cabinet They say Mark Hanna sacrificed Kansas by forcing a gold-standard platform, and the State led off for McKinley's nomination when he needed help, and Leland marshalled the forces. Therefore, they say, Kansas must be represented in the Cabinet.

Gen. Horatio C. King has been elected President of the Brooklyn Democratic Club. In th recent campaign the club came out strongly for sound money. In local matters it has always sided with Edward M. Shepard in his light with the regular Democratic organization. Hanna Leaves Washington,

Gen. Boratto C. King Its President.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—The Hon. Mark Hanna left Washington for his home in Cleveland at 2 o'clock this afternoon. He goes via Philadel phia, where it is expected he will remain over

SPOKANE, Wash., Dec. 11. From the Florence district in Idaho comes the news of one of the largest mining undertakings ever conceived in the Northwest. This undertaking is the con struction of a tunnel four miles long to tap the entire Florence camp. The tunnel is to be made large enough to admit a double track, and will be lighted by electricity. A company will be locorporated, with a capital of \$2,500,000, to carry out the enterprise, and it is longed to start work on the tunnel in April or May next year.

THREE BROADWAY STORES At Prince, At Warren, At Thirty-second

The luxurious Montagnac-a luxury none the less because we make the buying comparatively easy-holds more warmth to the weight than any other known cloth.

It represents the acme of overcoat making; is exceedingly handsome-yet is not popular; \$50.

Frieze would be the

cheapest at almost any

price, so remarkable is it

for wear. Bicycle reefers \$11.50, ordinary overcoats \$12. Between these two is almost every cloth worth having; so many, so different, it contradicts the

general impression of lit-

tle variety in winter over-

coats.

Whatever is new; whatever is best in this line is here; bettered in no way no matter where made; for everything must live up to the standard set by 'your money back if you want it."

ROGERS, PEET & Co.

YALE SENDS BACK THE BOOKS. Prof. Von Gnelst's Library Was Not Com-

plete and as Hepresented. New Haven, Dec. 11.-A valuable library which Yale expected to receive from some

friend whose name is withheld turns out to be deception, but not through any part in it by the generous donor. It was the library of the late Rudolph von Gneist, professor of law at the University of Berlin, in Germany, and formerly a member of the Reichstag. The books in the library were works on constitutional law, scientific books, and sets of various journals. The library arrived at New Haven one day this library arrived at New Haven one day this week, and after the cases containing it were opened and the volumes examined by the officers of the university library it was seen that fraud had been practised somewhere.

Instead of the 10,000 volumes and dissertations which were once the property of Prof. Von Gneist, about one-half of the number were missing, and, in their place were a lot of worn-out and commonplace books which could have been bought for a song at a second-hand bookseller's. The library had been padded, where and by whom the Yale librarian has no means of knowing.

The university authorities made an offer for the missing books to the bookseller in Germany from whom the library was purchased, but the offer was refused, and not caring to retain the incomplete collection, the Yale librarian sent the books back yesterday.

The library if accented, was to cost \$2,500.

incomplete collection the Yale librarian sent the books back yesterday.

The library, if accepted, was to cost \$2,500, and this sum, it is understood, was to be paid to the bookseller in Leipsic upon receipt of in-formation from Yale that the books were as represented.

Plane Being Prepared for One on the Sixth Avenue Car Barns Site. Within the next thirty days plans will be filed with the Building Department for the erection of a hotel on the site of the old Sixth avenue horse-car stables, between Forty-third and Forty-fourth streets. The building will occupy four lots fifty feet wide and aggregating 200 feet in length, recently purchased by Frederick Billings for \$166,000. These lots extend through between the streets and run parallel with Sixth avenue as well as with the property owned by the Lawyers' Club which organization will the Lawyers' Club, which organization will erect a building facing on Forty-fourth street. Mr. Billings hopes to have the hotel finished so that it can be opened next fail. The struc-ture may be termed, more properly, a baselelors' hotel. It will be built of brick and stone, with hotel. It will be built of brick and stone, with terra cotta trimmings, after the Italian Renaissance style of architecture, and will be twelve stories high. It will cost half a million dollars, The interior finishings will be of hard wood, principally mahogany, and the two entrances from either street will be very elaborate.

The remaining portion of the ground occupied by the car barns, from the hotel site 290 feet west to Sixth avenue, has not yet been sold, but it is understood that negotiations are pending for its sale.

AN INSANE WOMAN'S FLIGHT,

She Escapes from the Flatbush Asylam and Is Captured at Canarste. Mary Clark, one of the violent patients at the Long Island State Asylum for the Insane in Flatbush, made her escape from that institution yesterday morning and was not recaptured until late last night, when she was found wandering in the woods on New Lots road in Canarsie, five miles from the asylum. She is affected with homicidal and suicidal mania.

EW then the patients were drawn up in line for the purpose of going to the laundry sie dropped out without being noticed, and, scaling a seven-foot fence, made her way across lots to the public school building at East New York and Albany avenues. Here she hid until the children left school for dinner. Then she dashed across the lots in the neighborhood of Canarsie. She had been away for two hours before she was missed. Then the Brooklyn police were notified and an alarm was sent out. She was seen in Canarsie by some of the residents, and the police soon found her. She made no resistance on her way back to the asylum. dering in the woods on New Lots road in Canar

GOF. MORTON'S WORD GOES,

Unsworn Evidence Taken in a Suit Over the Sale of His Honse. Henry E. Corey, a real estate broker, obtained a verdict for \$1,025 before Justice Schuchman of the City Court yesterday against Nathan W. Riker and E. Stanton Riker, composing the firm of Riker & Son, real estate agents, as half of the commission which the defendants received for selling the house 681 Fifth avenue to Gov. Morton. An unsworn statement of Gov. ton was put in evidence by the consent of

HOLIDAY GIFTS.

Sale Extraordinary.

The estate of Wm. Moir is selling out the entire stock of fine Gold and Silver Jewelry, Precious Stones, and Trinkets at greatly reduced prices.

Regardless of Cost. Estate of WM. MOIR, SIXTH AVE., Cor. 23d St.

RAGPICKERS WITH \$3,800.

ARRESTED ON SUSPICION OF BUY-ING STOLEN GOODS.

When the Woman Ragpicker Was Searched Bonds and Cash Were Found in Her Clothing-She and Her Husband Let Go, as No Crime Was Proved Against Them. The manufacturers of shirts and shirt waists, who form a colony by themselves in Greene street, in the heart of the dry goods

district, have for many weeks past been the vic-tims of petty pilferings of remnants of calico. silk, and dress goods of more or less value. The street is a favorite resort of a number of men and women rappickers from the Italian quarter in Mott, Mulberry, and Baxter streets. and it is suspected that many of these Italians prompt the theft of remnants by buying the goods from porters and elevator men in the big manufacturing buildings. Detectives Frazee and Jackson of the Macdougal street station, who have been on the watch a long time for suspected ragpickers, saw Josef Branco, one of the number, come out of one of the buildings that had been robbed about 11 o'clock yesterday morning. He had a big bag on his back and was accompanied by his wife, Mary, a small, sickly looking woman of 37, The detectives stopped the couple and made Branco open the bag. In it were several large remnants of shirt goods. They were apparently of the kind that is generally thrown away

ently of the kind that is generally thrown away as waste material at the end of the day. He didn't give any satisfactory explanation as to how he had got possession of the goods, and so the two detectives took him and his sife around to the station house. There he and his wife protested that there was no reason for their arrest.

Matron Peles was told to search Mrs. Bracco. The Italian woman retired to the matron's room, and the matron returned in about ten minutes with her hands full of American and Italian money and bonds. The securities were worth \$3,493. There was about \$80 in United States bills and coin. Of the Italian bills and bonds over \$2,000 was found rolled in an oil-cloth hag secreted under Mrs. Branco's skirt. The matron found a round tin box, six inches long and two inches in diameter, fastened to a little bustle under the skirt. When she removed the lid of the box she found \$340 in Italian bank notes in a tight roll thet just fitted the box. The American money was in an old pocketbook that Mrs. Branco carried in her outer skirt pocket.

"Where did you gut so much money?" asked the detectives.

the detectives.

Mrs. Branco laughed and shrugged her shoul-

Where did you get so much money?" asked the detectives.

Mrs. Branco laughed and shrugged her shoulders.

"I sava it." ahe said in broken English. "I sella de rags we picka for ten years and keepa de men safe to taka home to Italy."

The detectives, found the six-year-oid son of the prisoners at school, and with him went to the Disoners' quarters in a tenement at 128 Baxter aireet. They found a big pile of remnants of sliks and other goods stowed away in corners out of sight. Both prisoners denied that the goods belonged to them. They said they purrossed to return to Italy for good, with their savings in a few weeks, and that the pieces of kocds found by the detectives belonged to acquaintances who had intrusted them to them to take home as presents to relatives in Italy. Merchants who had lost goods were allowed to examine the remnants, but they failed to identify any of the property.

Branco and his wife were taken to Jefferson Market Court early in the afternoon and there they repeated the attenuent that they had bought no stolen goods from anybody, and that they had found the remnants discovered in the bag they carried at the time of their arrest. The detectives admitted that they could not trace the goods to any owners who had been robbed, and the prisoners were accordingly discharged.

RIFLEWOMAN CHASES THIEF. Raced After a Cable Car and Collared

Man on the Rear Platform. A tall, robust woman stylishly dressed and running at top speed after an up-bound Broadway cable car that rounded the Union Square curve at 2:10 o'clock yesterday afternoon attracted a crowd of several hundred in a minute. The woman chased the car for more than a block crying to the conductor to stop. The crowd joined in and the conductor finally stopped the car. The woman jumped on the rear platform, and setzing a young man, yanked him to the pavement. He was an undersized, alim fellow with redish hair and blue eyes, and

he had a scar on his right temple. "Give me my purse," exclaimed the tall woman, shaking the young man roughly by the

The young man stared blankly. The woman kept on shaking him until Policeman Jennings of the West Thirtleth street station arrived and took him in charge. The woman said: "I was standing at Fourteenth street and

Broadway, about to enter a shop, when I felt a Broadway, about to enter a shop, when I felt a hand slip my purse out of my rocket. I turned around quickly and saw this young man beside me. He got red in the face when I looked at him and he started to run. He caught the cable car and, I suppose, based my purse to somebody who was with him.

The young man when taken to the West Thirtieth street station and afterward to the Jefferson Market Police Court would say nothing further than to deny that he had stolen the

ing further than to deny that he had stolen the purse. He said he was 22 years old, a terman, and a cigarmaker. He declined to give either his name or address and was called John Doe.

The complainant was Alexandra Martens, a professional rifle-shot now playing an engagement at an up-town music hall. She said that ment at an up-town music hall. She said that her purse contained very little money, but that there was a pair of diamond earrings in it.

The accused young man was hungry in his cell in the West Thirtieth street station house last night, but he would not tell his name, even when a square meal was offered as a bribe. He didn't get the meal either. He will be taken to Police Headquarters this morning.

BROOKLYN'S \$10,000 GIFT.

The New Cruiser Will Receive the Silver Service on Jan. D.

Chairman William Berri, Ex-Mayor Charles A. Schleren, Col. Price, and the other members of the committee which has had charge of the \$10,000 silver service gift from the city of Brooklyn to the new cruiser bearing her name met yesterday at the Oxford Club to make arrangements for the presentation. Mr. Berri reported that the service would be ready for delivery on Dec. 22, and also that a recent interview with Secretary Herbert at Washington, the latter had promised to place the new cruiser at the service of the committee at the time and place agreed on for the presentation.

The committee decided to place the service in a safe deposit vault until Jan. 4, when it will be but on exhibition for four days at the Arr Association rooms. The formal presentation ceremony was arranged for Saturday, Jan. 9, It will take place at the Navy Vard. Ex-Mayer Schieren will preside and Mayor. Wurster will make the presentation speech. met yesterday at the Oxford Club to make ar-

KID M'COY SEEKS POLICE AID, His Neighbors Get His Landford to Evict the Reformed Burglar.

"Kid" McCoy, once a bank burglar, who since his last term in prison has been trying to support himself and family by selling a device support himself and family by selling a device of his own invention for preventing a key from being turned in a lock, went to Police Headquarters last night to appeal for help. Under the name of John Martin he has been living at 27 Frankfort street.

His neighbors, on learning who he was, asked the landlord to eject him. He became behindhand in his rent, and the landlord get authority yesterday to disposeess him on Monday. As he has no money he cannot go elsewhere to live. He was told the police coulin't help him and advised to get the time of the disposeess order extended. The police consider him thoroughly reformed.

Hanged Himself on His Daughter's Wed-

MOUNT VERNON, N. Y., Dec. 11. Phillip Margraf, a retired shoe dealer, ad years old, committed suicide by hanging last night in the cellar of his home. The family had been prepar-ing for the marriage of Lizzle, the only daugh-ter, to W. S. Hitchcock of this city, and the welding was to take place to-day. Margraf had been decreased in spirits during the welding researching. preparations.

Lemuel Haight Kills Himself.

Lemuel Baight, 75 years old, for many years the sexton of the Union Avenue Baptist Church, Brooklyn, committed suicide yesterday in the Brooklyh, committee suicide yesterday in the Home for the Aged in Guerusey and Oak streets by cuting his throat with a ratior. Three weeks up he lumped into the river from the Noble street wharf. When he was rescued he told a policeman that he accidentally fell from the does. To relatives Haight said he tried to drown himself because he was tired of life. He was then placed in the home.

Tried Suicide on Losing His Queue. Chang Foo, a Mott street laundryman, was about to throw himself from the roof of the encuent at 53 Bayard street yesterday because his queue had been out off, when prevented by a policeman. When arraigned in the Centre Street Court he was committed to Bellevue Hospital to be examined as to his mental condition. He had retained possession of the queue and said he did not know how it had been out off. is a disease which afficts over 25 per cent. of the American people. It is a dangerous disease because it not only poisons the blood but causen heaviness, oppression, and dulls the intellect. Then follow chronic headache, loss of appetite, slow digestion, nervousness, bad breath, dingy complexion and low spirits. It will eventually bring on liver and kidney disease in some incurable form. But sufferers from this dreaded malady are speedily

Cured by

Warner's SAPE Cure and Warner's SAPE Pills. Leading physicians the world over, have acknowledged this fact, and thousands of people throughout the land have testified to it.

Warners SAFE Cure puts a stop to backaches, headaches, constipation, loss of appetite, dyspepsia, tired feelings and alceplessness. It builds up the exhausted system. It is a sure cure for liver and kidney complaint in any form, and the only remedy that has ever been shle to cure Bright's disease.

If you are feeling the need of such a remedy, you cannot do better than try this king of remedies, the great

Dafe Cure

NATIONAL BANK SUSPENDS.

Heavy Withdrawals Caused a Bank is Ningara Falls to Close Its Doors.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., Dec. 11.-The First National Bank of this city closed its doors this morning and posted a notice announcing its suspension. The directors held a meeting last night to consider the condition of the bank's affeirs and at 12:39 o'clock this morning they decided to suspend. Among those present was Senator Elisworth of Lockport. The action taken by the directors is said to be due to heavy withdrawais, amounting almost to a run on the bank. It is believed that the depositors will be paid in full.

paid in full.

The bank was organized on June 1, 1893, with a capital of \$100,000. The assets and liabilities are estimated at \$300,000. Two days ago President Phillips resigned, and George B. Rand, President of the First Nauonal Bank of Tonawanda, was elected in his place, but he has not yet qualified.

yet qualified.

Ex-Mayor Phillips, the President of the bank accuses tashler Henry Durk of making large loans in the heighborhood of \$80,000 to G. B. Gaskill, President of the Street Railway Company, of the Cataract Milling Company, and a director of the Power Company, without the knowledge or consent of the directors or other officers of the bank. He also says that the loans were so cleverly covered up that the bank examiner could not learn of them. All this Mr. Durk denies.

No Profit from this National Bank,

DULUTH, Minn., Dec. 11.-The National Bank of Commerce of this city closed its doors this morning. Its paid-up capital was \$200,000. Its last statement showed undivided profits of \$10,000; deposits, \$200,000, and loans and discounts, \$375,000. A notice on the door stated that owing to inability to make any money the directors had decided to suspend business, and that the country to the directors had decided to suspend business, and that the country to th that the bank expected to pay depositors at an early date.

J. R. KENDRICK DIES IN A CAB. He Was Third Vice-President of the New Haven Railroad System.

Boston, Dec. 11,-J. R. Kendrick, Third Vice-President of the New York, New Haven, and Hartford Railroad Company, died suddenly this afternoon, while in a cab on his way to his home. He left his office in the Park Square station shortly before 2 o'clock, and at 2:40 word was received by his Secretary, Mr. Hoogs, on a

was received by his Secretary, Mr. Hoors, on a private telephone, that he was dead.

Mr. Kendrick left his office to go to luncheon a little earlier than usual. One of his nieces, who made her home with him, was going away, and he desired to see her before she went. He remarked as he left, that he would return to his office within an hour. He hailed a cabman and ordered him to drive him to his home on Newbury street.

The driver noticed that Mr. Kendrick was ill and whipped his horses into a gallop. When he reached the house Mr. Kendrick was dead.

Mr. Kendrick was a native of Lebanon, N. H., where he was born in 1830. He began his career as a clerk, and was employed first by the Louisville & Nashville Railroad. His qualifications for the railroad business soon became apparent, and in time he became General Manager of the Mobile & Ohio Railrai Manager of the Mobile & Ohio Railway. He was identified with the Old Colony road for twenty-five years, holding the office of General Manager and General Superintendent. His association with the New Haven system as Third Vice-President legan in 1893. He was also identified with the Fall River line of steamboats as President of the company. Mr. Kendrick's wife died about four years ago. There were no children.

Obliuary Notes Gen. George L. Beal, agen 71 years, died as his home in Norway, Me., yesterday. He served as Captain in the First Maine Regiment in the evil war and was made Colonel of the Firth Maine Regiment, serving to the end of the war. He was then commissioned Colonel of the Twenty-ninth Maine Regiment, and later received a full-grade commission as Brigadler-to-neeral. His regiment covered the retreat of ten. Banks from Winchester to Williamsport. He was in the battle of Antietam, where he was severely wounded. He was in the battles of Red River and the Shenandoah Valley, and his brigade was first to advance and break the enemy's lines at Ceiur Creek after Sheridan's tamous ride. He was Adjutant General of Maine for four years and State Treasurer for Six years.

Charles F. Woolley, M. D., died in Pittsburgh

Charles E. Woolley, M. D., died in Pitteburgh yesterday aged as years. He was born in Southampton, L. L. graduated from the University of Michigan, and took the medical course at helicute Medical College, New York city, and the Long Island College Hespital in Brooklyn, fie was for seven years a member of the Newburgh Hoard of Education and its President two years.

Charles J. Cave, who was well known as a manufacturer of wrapping paper, died on Wednesday at his home, 504 Greene avenue, Brookin, aged 54 years. He leaves a widow, four sons, and a slaughter. lour sons, and a daughter.

Alfred A. Peck, insurance broker at 41 Wall street, died at his home, 33 West Twelfth street, on Thursday. He was born at Jordans-ville, N. Y. in 1839. At 14 he was engaged as effice boy by James A. Alexander, an insurance agent, and he became Mr. Alexander's partner at the age of 21. He leaves a willow.

Helen Fullerton, widow of David Redfield, died at her home in Goshen, N. Y., on Wednesday, aged 55. Her father was Daniel Fullerton, who was a brother of the well-known New York city lawyers, William and Stephen W. Fullerton, both of whom were Orange county Judges.

Mallon Augas, 53 years old, died on Thursday.

Mahlon Apgar, 83 years old, died on Thursday night at his home, 04 Sip avenue, Jersey City. He had been in the wholesule grocery business in this city since 1848 and was a member of the Produce Exchange. Two sons and a number of grandchildren survive him.

2,500 Bushels of Wheat at \$1 a Bushel. Lattsville, Ky., Dec. 11.-Roger R. Early, & Senator Blackburn, sold a crop of 2,500 busnels

PIANOS World Renowned,

in New Artistic Styles, Also fine assortment of slightly used KNABE Grands and Unrights fully warranted, at a liberal reduction from original price. A rare opportunity to secure Plano of Standard Maker at special price.

148 Fifth Avenue, CORNER SOTH STREET.

FLINT'S FINE FURNITURE. Gifts of Utility, Shaving Stands . . . \$7.00.